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What is claimed is:

- 1. A fiber optic coil, comprising an optical fiber wound without torsion about a central axis to form the coil, the coil having at least one winding, the winding having a pitch angle selected to result in a phase shift of circularly polarized light propagating through the fiber, said phase shift caused by Berry's phase, resulting in reducing effects of linear birefringence in the coil.
- 2. The coil according to claim 1, wherein the optical fiber is wound about the central axis in alternating, opposing winding directions, with a length of the fiber in a region where the winding direction changes being substantially smaller than the length of the fiber in either of the opposing winding directions.
- 3. The coil according to claim 1, wherein the central axis is generally in the shape of a circle.
- 4. The coil according to claim 3, wherein the circle surrounds a current carrying conductor, the coil serving as a current sensor with stabilized sensitivity resulting from the reduced effects of linear birefringence.
- 5. The coil according to claim 4, wherein the pitch angle is between 0° and 90°.
- 6. The coil according to claim 5, wherein the pitch angle is substantially equal to 60°.

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- 7. The fiber optic coil of claim 1, wherein a current carrying conductor is placed generally along the central axis of the coil, the coil serving as a current sensor with stabilized sensitivity resulting from the reduced effects of linear birefringence.
- 8. The coil according to claim 7, wherein the pitch angle is between 0° and 90°.
- 5 9. The coil according to claim 8, wherein the pitch angle is substantially equal to 60°.
 - 10. The coil according to claim 7, wherein the optical fiber is wound about the central axis in alternating, opposing winding directions, with a length of the fiber in a region where the winding direction changes being substantially smaller than the length of the fiber in either of the opposing winding directions.
 - 11. The coil according to claim 7, wherein the coil is wound about a cylindrical form, the coil being disposed adjacent the cylindrical form.
 - 12. The coil according to claim 11, wherein the form is slotted to allow placement of the conductor along the central axis.
- 13. The coil according to claim 7, wherein two counter-propagating light beams traverse the coil, a phase difference between the counter-propagating light beams being indicative of a magnetic field generated by the current carrying conductor.
 - 14. The coil according to claim 13, further comprising:
 - (a) a quarter wave plate is connected at each respective end of the coil; and

- (b) a coupler is connected to each quarter wave plate, the coupler receiving light from a source and splitting the light to form the two counter-propagating light beams traversing the coil.
- 15. The coil according to claim 14, further comprising a phase modulator connected between one of the quarter wave plates and the coupler to modulate the phase difference between the counter-propagating light beams to bias the current sensor to a more sensitive operating point.
 - 16. The coil of claim 15, wherein the phase modulator is a piezo-electric transducer.
 - 17. The coil of claim 15, wherein the phase modulator is an electro-optic material.
 - 18. A fiber optic coil, comprising an optical fiber wound without torsion in a helical manner about a generally circular axis, the coil having at least one winding, the winding having a pitch angle selected to result in a phase shift of circularly polarized light propagating through the fiber, said phase shift caused by Berry's phase, resulting in reducing effects of linear birefringence in the coil.
- 19. The coil according to claim 18, wherein the circular axis surrounds a current carrying conductor, the coil serving as a current sensor with increased sensitivity resulting from the reduced effects of linear birefringence.
 - 20. The coil according to claim 19, wherein the pitch angle is between 0° and 90°.
- 21. The coil according to claim 20, wherein the pitch angle is substantially equal to 60°.

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- 22. A fiber optic coil, comprising an optical fiber wound without torsion in a helical manner about a central axis in alternating, opposing winding directions to form the coil, each winding having a pitch angle selected to result in a phase shift of circularly polarized light propagating through the fiber, said phase shift caused by Berry's phase resulting in reducing effects of linear birefringence in the coil, a length of the fiber in a region where the winding direction changes being substantially smaller than the length of the fiber in either of the opposing winding directions.
- 23. The coil of claim 22, wherein the pitch angle of each winding direction is substantially the same.
- 24. The coil according to claim 23, wherein a current carrying conductor is placed generally along the central axis of the coil, the coil serving as a current sensor with stabilized sensitivity resulting from the reduced effects of linear birefringence.
- 25. The coil according to claim 24, wherein the pitch angle is between 0° and 90°.
- 26. The coil according to claim 25, wherein the pitch angle is substantially equal to 60°.
- 27. A fiber optic coil, comprising:
 - (a) an optical fiber wound without torsion about a central axis to form the coil, the coil having at least one winding, the winding having a pitch angle substantially equal to 60° and selected to result in a phase shift of circularly polarized light propagating through the fiber, said phase shift caused by Berry's phase resulting in reducing effects of linear birefringence in the coil;

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- (b) a current carrying conductor placed generally along the central axis of the coil, the coil serving as a current sensor with stabilized sensitivity resulting from the reduced effects of linear birefringence; and
- (c) two counter-propagating light beams traversing the coil, a phase difference between the counter-propagating light beams being indicative of a magnetic field generated by the current carrying conductor.
- 28. The coil according to claim 27, further comprising:
 - (a) a quarter wave plate is connected at each respective end of the coil; and
 - (b) a coupler is connected to each quarter wave plate, the coupler receiving light from a source and splitting the light to form the two counter-propagating light beams traversing the coil.
- 29. The coil according to claim 28, further comprising a phase modulator connected between one of the quarter wave plates and the coupler to modulate the phase difference between the counter-propagating light beams to bias the current sensor to a more sensitive operating point.
- 30. The coil of claim 29, wherein the phase modulator is a piezo-electric transducer.
- 31. The coil of claim 29, wherein the phase modulator is an electro-optic material.